

Call and Practice at the Bar of Ireland: FAQs

Purpose: To advise the Bar regarding call and practice to the Bar of

Ireland

Scope of application: All practising barristers

Issued by: The Brexit Working Group

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Status and effect: Please see the notice at end of this document. This is not

"guidance" for the purposes of the BSB Handbook I6.4.

1. What are the basic requirements for a barrister of England and Wales to obtain rights of audience in Ireland?

There are two routes through which a member of the Bar of England and Wales may apply in order to enjoy rights of audience in Ireland:

ROUTE 1:	ROUTE 2:
EU Registered Lawyers under the European	Be called to the Bar of Ireland.
Establishment Directive 98/5/EC by completion of	Being called to the bar
the following form:	involves:
https://www.lawlibrary.ie/Membership/European-	(1) making an application to
<u>Lawyers-Establishment-Directive.aspx</u>	the King's Inns;
	(2) sitting an Aptitude Test;
It should be noted, however, that it is arguable,	and
depending on the interpretation of the Draft	(3) being called to the Bar in
Withdrawal Agreement as is stands (as of 27 June	person in Dublin
2018) that this route is no longer available for those	
registering under Art.3 of the Establishment	
Directive after December 2017.	

2. How do I apply to the King's Inns?

You must complete an <u>Application Form</u> for qualified lawyers from other EU Member States. You must include with the form:

(1) a certificate of professional qualification;

- (2) Degree Certificate(s);
- (3) your current Practising Certificate;
- (4) a Certificate of Good Standing from the Bar Council's Records Office stating that you have not been prohibited or suspended from practising;
- (5) evidence that you have not been adjudicated bankrupt (either a statement or certificate from the BSB, or a declaration on oath or a solemn declaration).

If you are applying for a full or partial exemption from the Aptitude Test, then you must submit evidence in support. You must also provide details of any previous application for Call to the Irish Bar. There is an application fee of \in 1,000. For further information, see the King's Inns website.

3. What does the Aptitude Test involve?

The full Aptitude Test contains four sections, although barristers may be able to get an exemption from some or all of these (see <u>below</u>). The four sections are:

- (1) a written paper on the Irish Legal System and Irish Constitutional Law;
- (2) a written paper on the Law of torts and contract and a choice of either the law of property (including equity and trusts) or criminal law;
- (3) a written paper on evidence and practice and procedure (with a choice between civil and criminal); and
- (4) an assessment of preparation and oral presentation of a case and knowledge of the rules of ethics and Code of Conduct for Barristers.

The examinations take place in, and are marked by, the King's Inns.

4. Can I get an exemption from all or part of the Aptitude Test?

When applying to the King's Inns (see <u>above</u>), you can apply for an exemption from some or all of the four sections of the Aptitude Test, and must provide evidence in support of this. A syllabus and past papers are provided to candidates, who must then sit the three-hour written exam at the King's Inn in Dublin.

5. What does the Call ceremony involve?

There are two stages to the Call Ceremonies, which happen within hours of each other. Graduates are first admitted to the degree of Barrister-at-Law, in a ceremony held at the King's Inns (the examination body). Graduates then stroll down to the Four Courts, where a ceremony is held in the Supreme Court at which they are formally called to the Bar. The ceremony is usually presided over by the Chief Justice of Ireland, and other Justices of the Court usually sit too. Graduates are individually called and

formally asked whether they wish to make an application there and then, signifying that a right of audience before all Irish Courts has been conferred.

6. Is this relevant to rights of audience in the CJEU?

Art. 19 (4) of the Statute of the CJEU provides: "Only a lawyer authorised to practise before a court of a Member State or of another State which is a party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area may represent or assist a party before the Court."

7. How do I become a member of the Law Library?

While there is no statutory requirement to become a member of the Law Library, the vast majority (99.9%) of practising barristers in Ireland are members of the Law Library. Membership of the Law Library provides access to a vast range of resources including Library and Information Services, ICT, on-site facilities and services (e.g. seating, robing rooms, lockers, DX Exchange, room hire), professional practice and personal support, education and training, preferential financial services, social and dining.

In order to become a member of the Law Library, you must complete the application process, details of which are available here:

 $\underline{https://www.lawlibrary.ie/membership/apply-to-join-the-library/regulations-} (1).aspx$

For any questions arising in relation to this process please contact:

Samantha de Paor Member Services The Bar of Ireland Distillery Building 145-151 Church St

Dublin 7

Tel: +353 (0)1 817 5012

Email: sdepaor@lawlibrary.ie

8. How do I get a practising certificate?

The Bar of Ireland issues an annual practising certificate to all members of the Law Library on payment of an annual membership subscription fee. This practising certificate is confirmation of a barristers' membership of the Law Library and is <u>not</u> a legal requirement to practice.

9. What is the annual fee?

The annual fee to be a member of the Law Library for juniors in Ireland is currently €3,065. QCs of the Bar of England and Wales who qualify in Ireland are Irish juniors, and therefore also pay this fee.¹

The ongoing requirements for membership of the Law Library are:

- (1) payment of an annual membership subscription fee;
- (2) attaining 12 CPD points annually; and
- (3) <u>carrying professional indemnity insurance covering work in Ireland</u>, with a minimum cover level of €1,500,000 per claim.

10. What are the CPD requirements in Ireland?

You must obtain 12 CPD points each year, one of which must come from attending a CPD ethics seminar. A CPD point is intended to be approximately equivalent to one hour.

11. How do I attain CPD points in Ireland?

CPD points can be attained in a variety of ways. including undertaking online programmes, attending seminars and conferences, researching and writing, teaching, and training. For more information see <u>the Bar of Ireland website</u>.

12. Will my English (or Welsh) CPD points count?

Subject to the requirements of the CPD Scheme Rules, CPD acquired in other jurisdictions may count.

13. Will BMIF cover me for work in Ireland?

BMIF insurance covering Irish work is regarded as sufficient insurance by the Bar of Ireland, provided that the level of cover is at least €1,500,000 per claim. BMIF has issued a guidance note which you can find at the following link:

https://www.barmutual.co.uk/fileadmin/uploads/barmutual/2018 documents/Bar Mutual Guidance Note on International Practice 26042018.pdf

Barristers requalifying in Ireland are likely to fall under para. 9 of this note. Taking out a seat in the Bar Library and/or doing a significant amount of work may bring you within the BMIF's "foreign lawyer" category which will require payment of a higher

¹ The same is true vice versa, as Irish QCs transferring to the Bar of England and Wales are called here as juniors.

premium. We would encourage you to call BMIF at 020 7621 0405 to discuss your individual circumstances.

14. Do I have to complete pupillage or a new practitioners' course?

No. There is no requirement for practising barristers of England and Wales to complete either of these.

15. I understand that there are changes in the regulatory requirements for barristers about to take place in Ireland. How will this impact me?

A new regulatory body, known as the Legal Services Regulatory Authority (LSRA) was established in October 2016 and is in the process of commencing and implementing the various parts of the Legal Services Regulation Act, 2015. http://www.irishstatutebook.ie/eli/2015/act/65/enacted/en/html

Two key issues will arise in the near future that barristers should be aware of:

- (1) In order to practice as a barrister in Ireland, there will be a requirement to be on the Roll of Practising Barristers that will be set up and maintained by the LSRA
 - $\underline{http://www.irishstatutebook.ie/eli/2015/act/65/section/133/enacted/en/html\#part9}$
- (2) The Authority will have a statutory function in complaints and disciplinary matters in respect of barristers in the future.

 http://www.irishstatutebook.ie/eli/2015/act/65/section/49/enacted/en/html#par

At this time, neither of these provisions in the legislation have been commenced and are therefore not operational.

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16. Does obtaining a practising certificate as a member of the Bar of Ireland ensure that I am established in Dublin as a matter of EU law?

In order to be established, you must satisfy the test for establishment in paragraph 25 of the *Gebhard* judgment:

"The concept of establishment within the meaning of the Treaty is therefore a very broad one, allowing a Community national to participate, on a stable and continuous basis, in the economic life of a Member State other than his State of origin and to profit therefrom, so contributing to economic and social interpenetration within the Community"

Evidence of establishment might include for example having some infrastructure from which to practise (e.g. membership of the Law Library in Dublin), steps taken to develop work and some work obtained as part of that practice.

Bar Council of England and Wales 27 June 2018

For further questions arising from this document please contact:

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Important Notice

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